

BIENVENUE AUX

6^{es} journées

BIOSARC

12 & 13 octobre 2017

CHU Lapeyronie, Montpellier



GRUPE
SARCOMÉ
FRANÇAIS

Etudes fondamentales :

Voies de signalisation
microenvironnement tumoral

Développement de Nouveaux modèles d'études

In vitro, in vivo

Modèle 3D : sphéroïdes
Modèles souris : PDX

Développement de nouvelles techniques

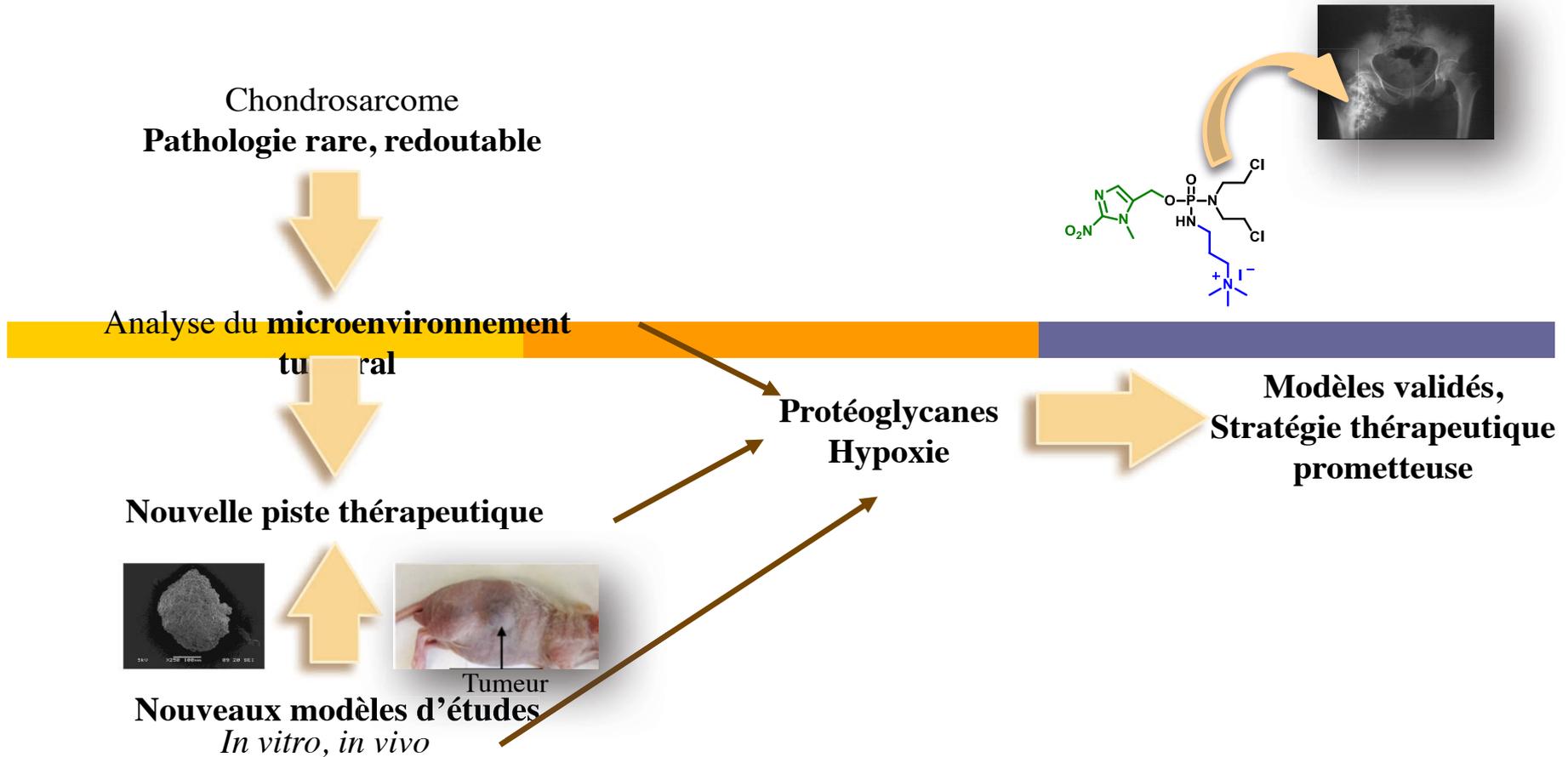
The SpiderMassTM system :
analyses lipidomiques par
spectrométrie de masse en
temps réel

Stratégies thérapeutiques prometteuses

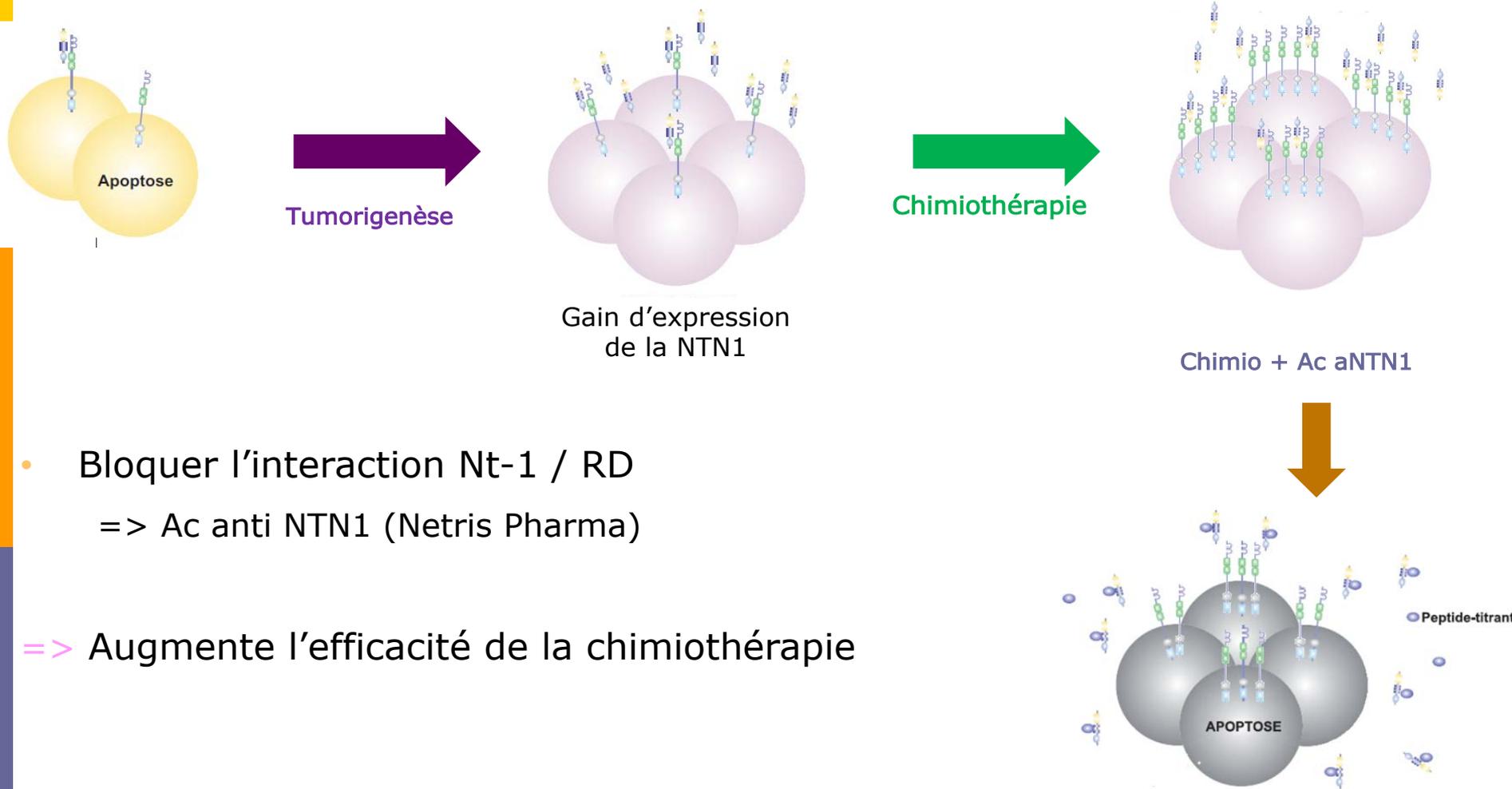
Potentialisation de la chimiothérapie
par combinaisons avec des inhibiteurs
de protéines ciblées

Etudes des regulations épigénétique dans la chimiorésistance

Validation d'une Stratégie Thérapeutique ciblant les Protéoglycanes et l'Hypoxie du Chondrosarcome par une Approche Sphéroïde : de *l'in vitro* vers *l'in vivo*

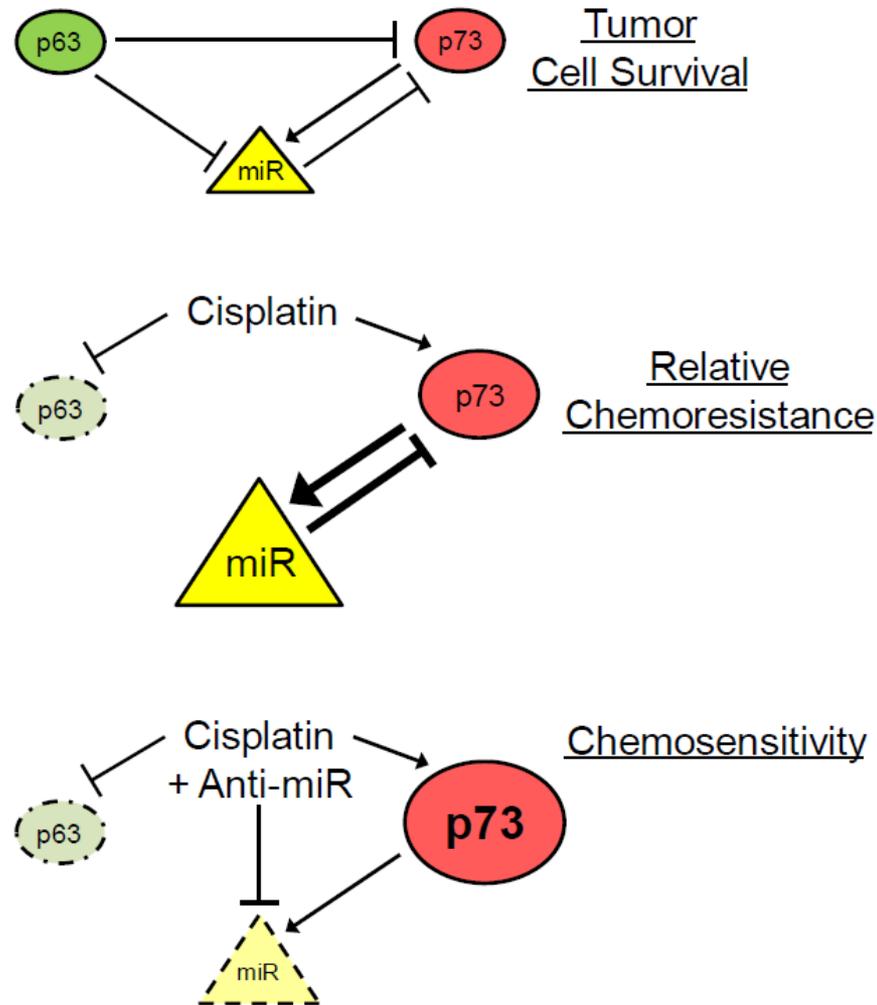


Potentialisation de la chimiothérapie par interférence avec la NTN1



- Bloquer l'interaction Nt-1 / RD
=> Ac anti NTN1 (Netris Pharma)
- => Augmente l'efficacité de la chimiothérapie

Epigenetic regulation of chemoresistance to cisplatin



Real-time and *ex-vivo* lipidomic analyses by mid-infrared laser ablation ambient mass spectrometry applied to dog sarcoma pathology:

The SpiderMass™ system for diagnosis, classification and margin detection



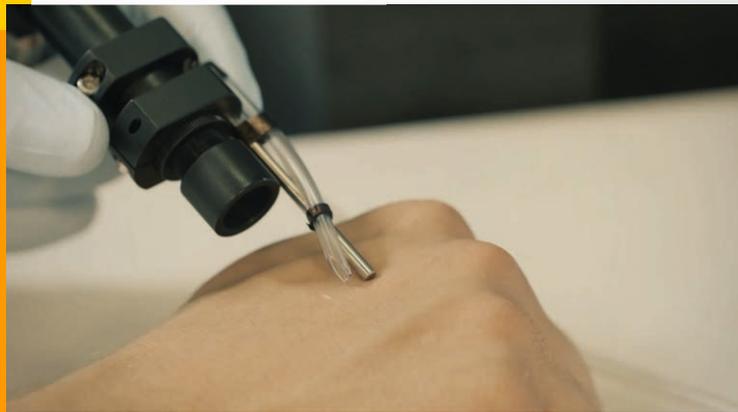
Philippe SAUDEMONT

Proteomique, Réponse Inflammatoire & Spectrométrie de
Masse (PRISM)
INSERM U1192 - Université de Lille

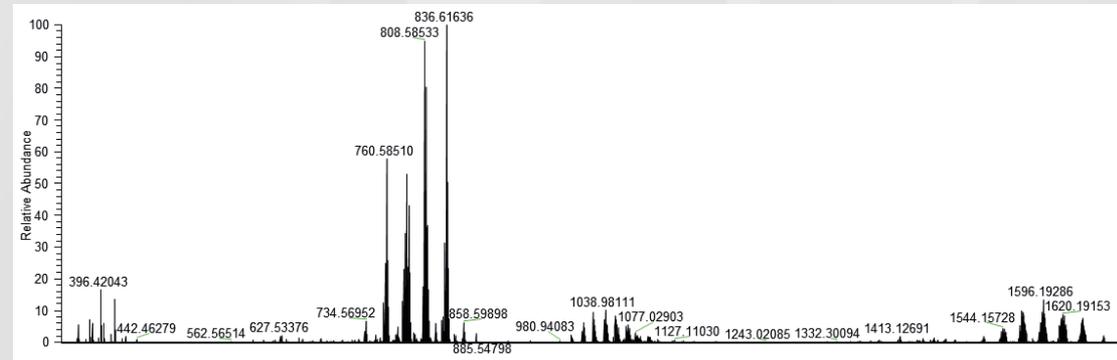
www.laboratoire-prism.fr

Spidermass provide real-time in-vivo molecular profiles with low invasiveness

Laser impact on skin



Obtained lipid profile

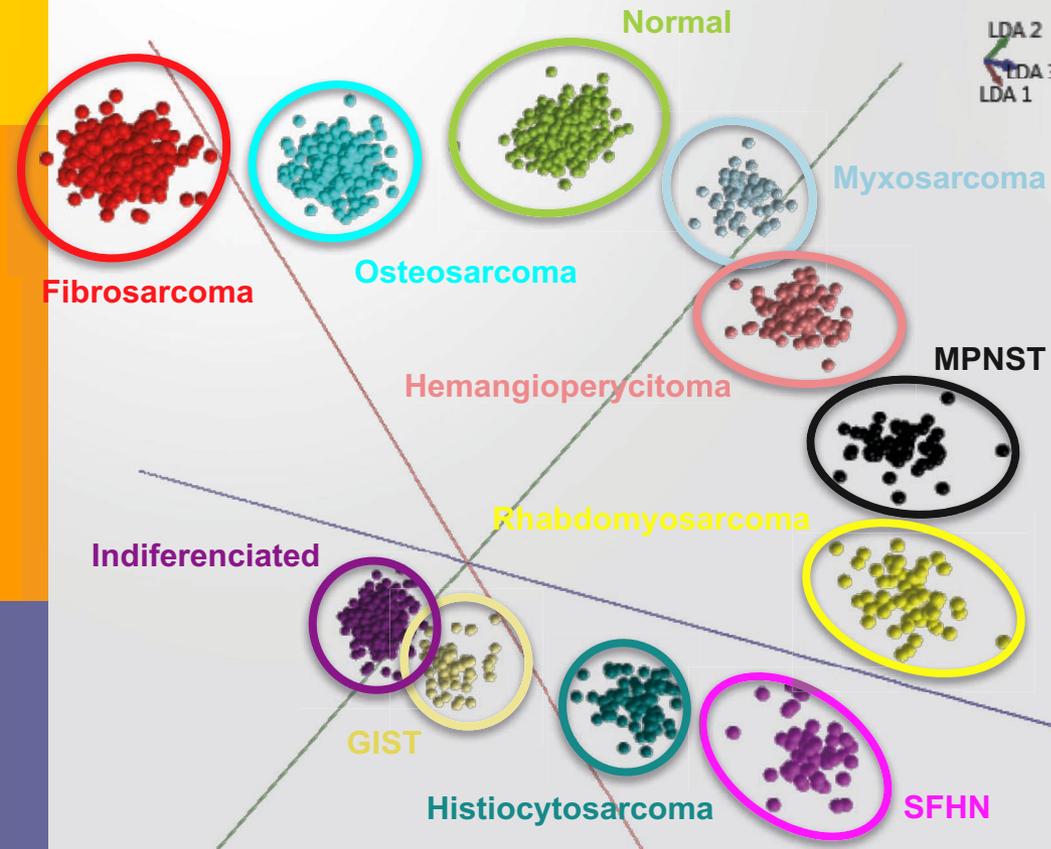


▶ Painless and almost no destruction

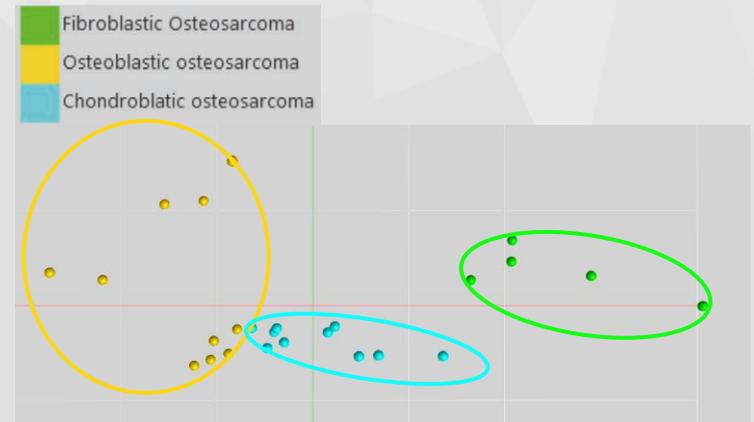
▶ Identification of different classes of lipids (fatty acids, diacylglycerols, phospholipids,...)

Lipids are enough to obtain information on the tissue physiology and pathology,

Spidermass molecular barcoding allows to classify dogs sarcoma



- ▶ Separation of the biopsies according to their type
- ▶ Separation of the subtypes of osteosarcomas



The SpiderMass is able to distinguish the different types and subtypes of sarcomas



SpiderMass

Faiblement invasif
Indolore
Détermination du grade et des marges
Nombreuses applications

Deuxième laser
Traitement

Couplage à des systèmes d'endoscope

Couplage à des robots chirurgicaux
Da Vinci



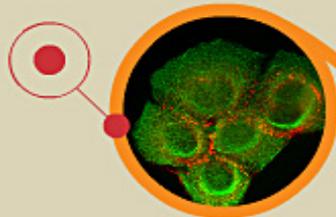
Speed S
Profiling P
Innovative I
Diagnostic D
Endoscopy E
Real-time R
Mass spectrometry M
Amazing A
Straightforward S
Sensitivity S



PRISE EN CHARGE DES SARCOMES: DE LA CLINIQUE AU TRANSLATIONNEL

TABLE RONDE MEDECINS / CHERCHEURS

Nelly Firmin, Carmen Llacer-Moscardo, Sébastien Carrère



PDX models of sarcomas

PDX models of Sarcomas

Sarcomas



Soft tissues
sarcomas



Laëtitia Linares,
Montpellier

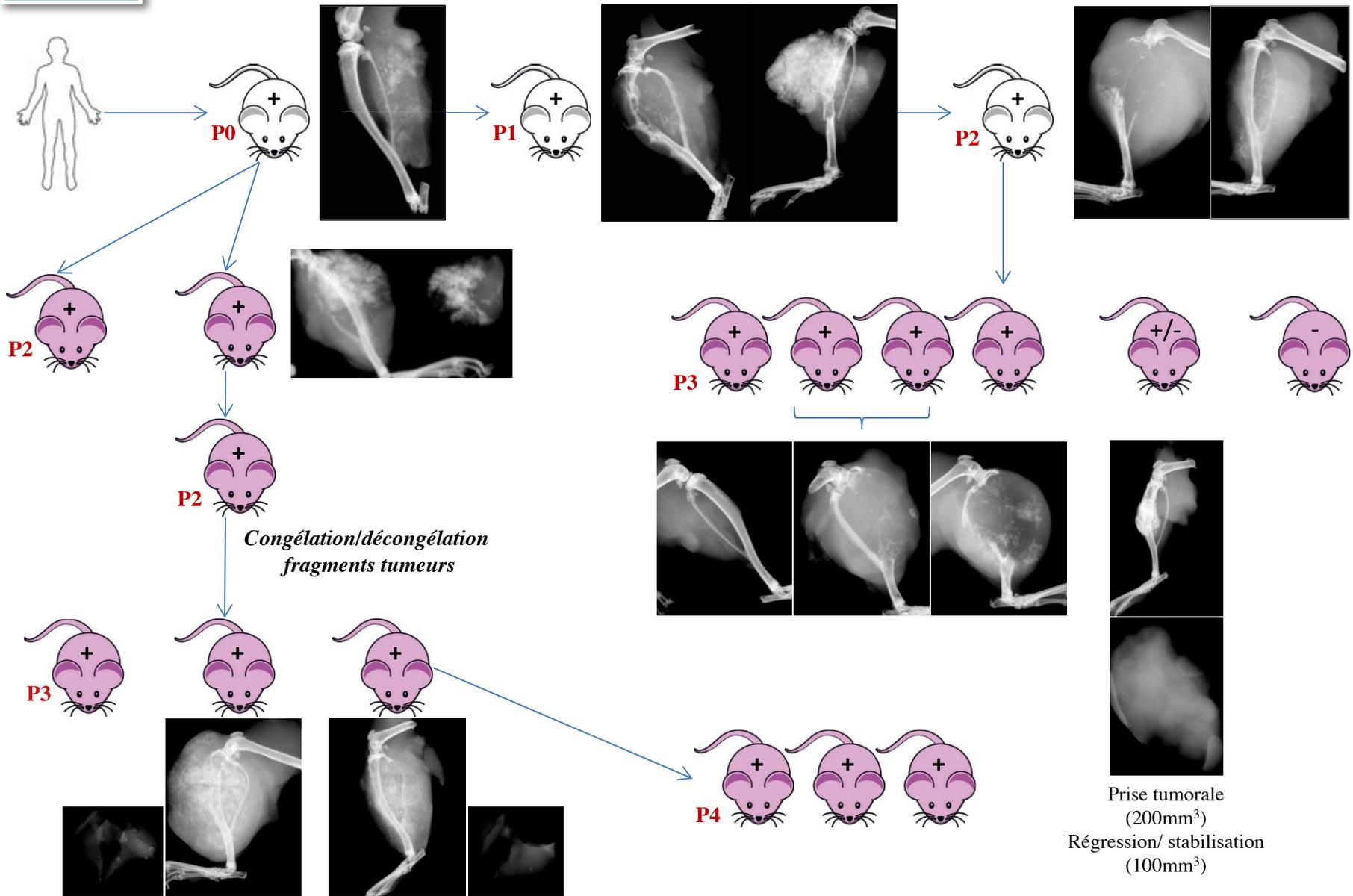
osteosarcomas

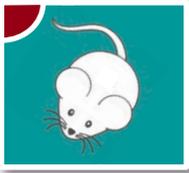


Françoise Rédini,
Nantes

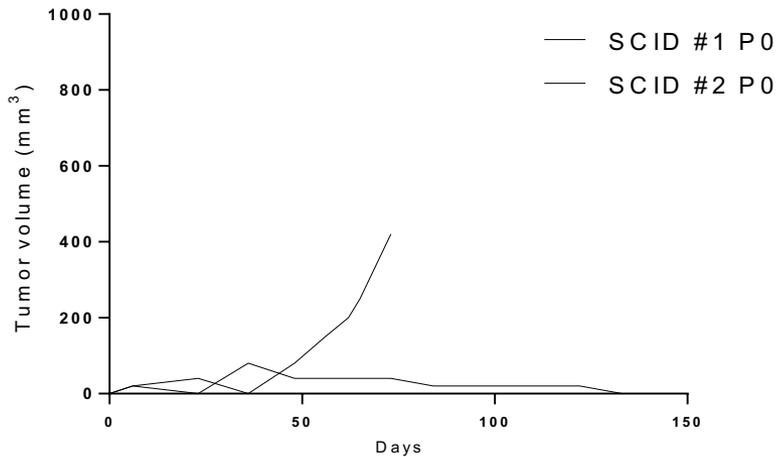
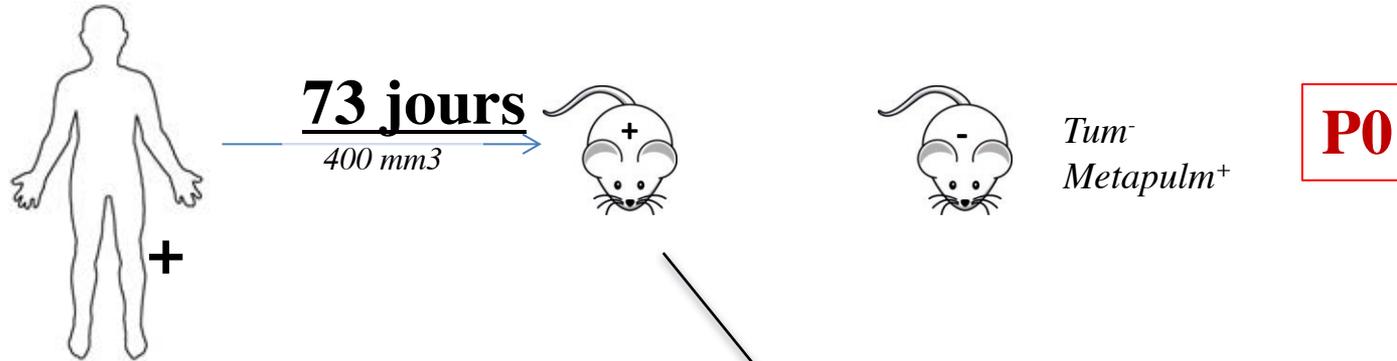


PDX-OS : Importance de la zone tumorale greffée

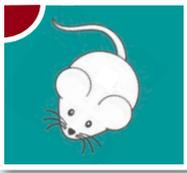




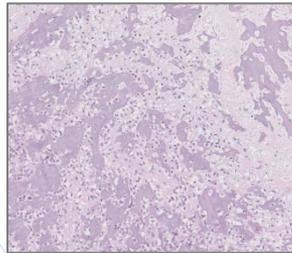
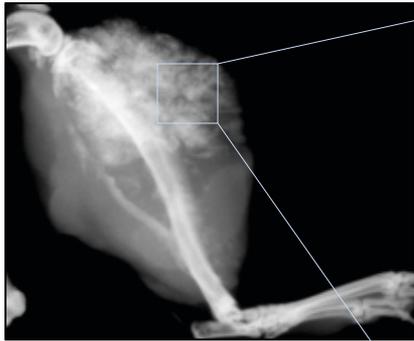
PDX-OS : Prise tumorale P0 (SCID)



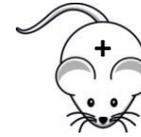
Tumeur minéralisée



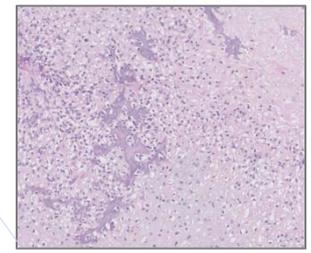
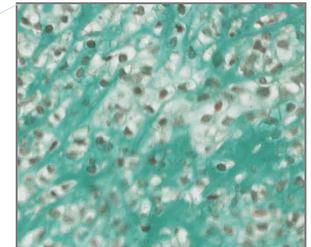
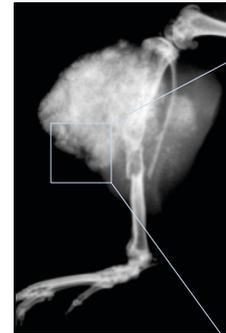
PDX-OS: caractérisation histologique et radiologique



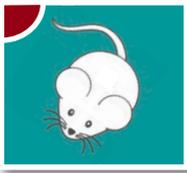
NMRI/NUDE : atteinte osseuse et formation d'os ectopique dans la tumeur



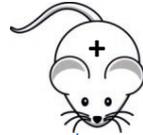
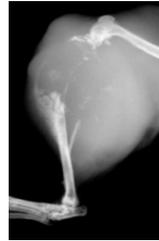
P1



SCID : **Sur un même animal** deux types d'atteintes:
- droite: lyse osseuse (fracture) + formation massive d'os ectopique dans la tumeur
- gauche: atteinte osseuse importante avec fort remodelage, formation d'os ectopique quasi inexistante



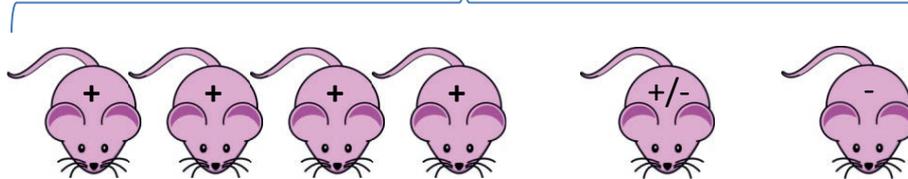
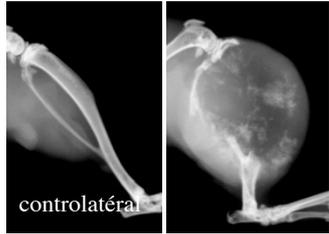
PDX-OS : Homogénéité discutable des tumeurs



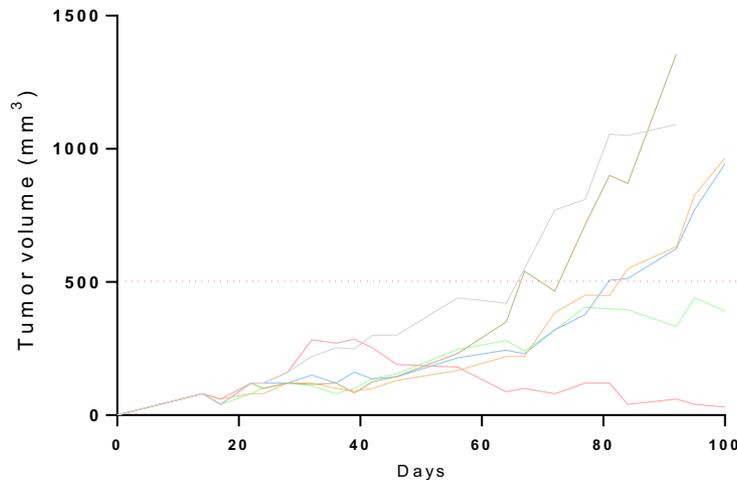
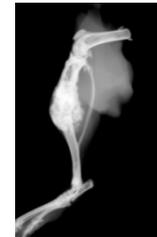
P2

65-80 jours

500 mm³



P3



6/6 prises tumorales \pm
homogènes

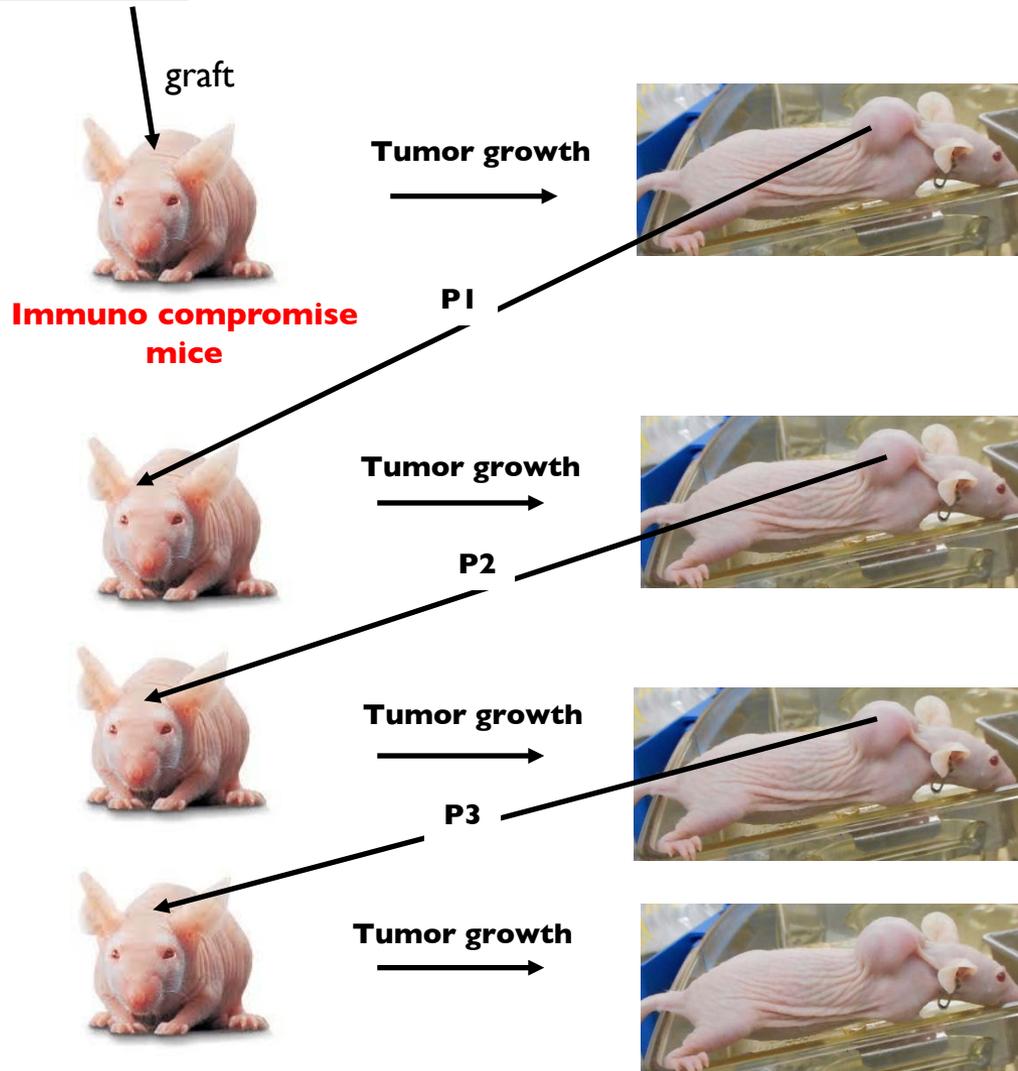
→ 1/6 a régressé puis stagné (80 mm³). A
l'euthanasie : métastases multiples (poumons,
foie, rate) \pm minéralisées

PDX models of soft tissues sarcomas



Patient tumor fragment

PDX = Patient Derived Xenograft



Establishment from
P0 to P3
6 to 18 month

Passage 3 = saved model
Frozen stock
characterization

BCB SARCOMES

Informations Administratives

Institut régional du Cancer de Montpellier – (ICM)

Coordonnateur Principal

Dr Nelly FIRMIN - Oncologue Médicale,

Médecins co-coordonnateurs

Dr Sébastien CARRERE – Chirurgien - ICM

Dr Carmen LLACER-MOSCARDO – Radiothérapeute - ICM

Coordonnateur Scientifique

Dr Laetitia LINARES – Chercheur IRCM

Centre de Ressources Biologiques – CRB

Mr Pierre-Arnaud FAYE

Mme Blandine MASSEMIN

Mme Catherine VIGLIANTI

Services d'Anatomopathologie

Dr Marie-Christine château

Dr Aurélie MARAN-GONZALEZ

Services Annexes

Bloc opératoire

Service des consultations

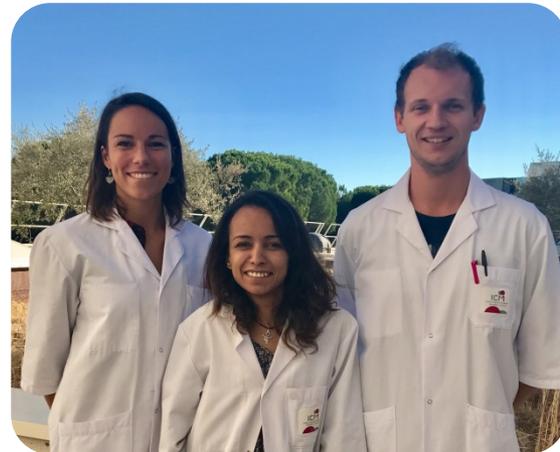
Direction de la Recherche Clinique et de l'Innovation – DRCI

Mr Jean Pierre Bleuse - Responsable de la DRCI

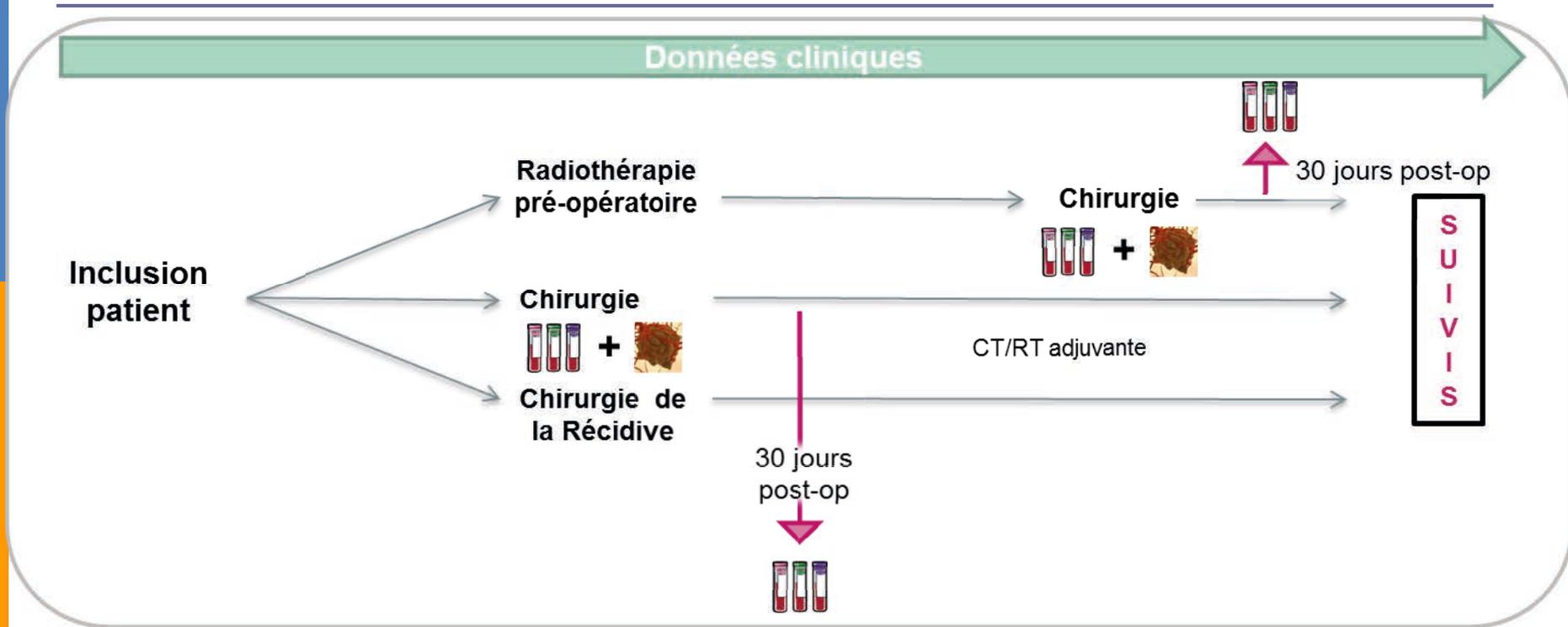
Mr Matthieu MERLOT – Chef de Projet – ICM

Mme Nabila BOUAZZA – Chef de projet – ICM

Mme Aurore MOUSSION – Chargé de Projet – ICM



BCB Sarcomes



↓
Blocs
histologiques

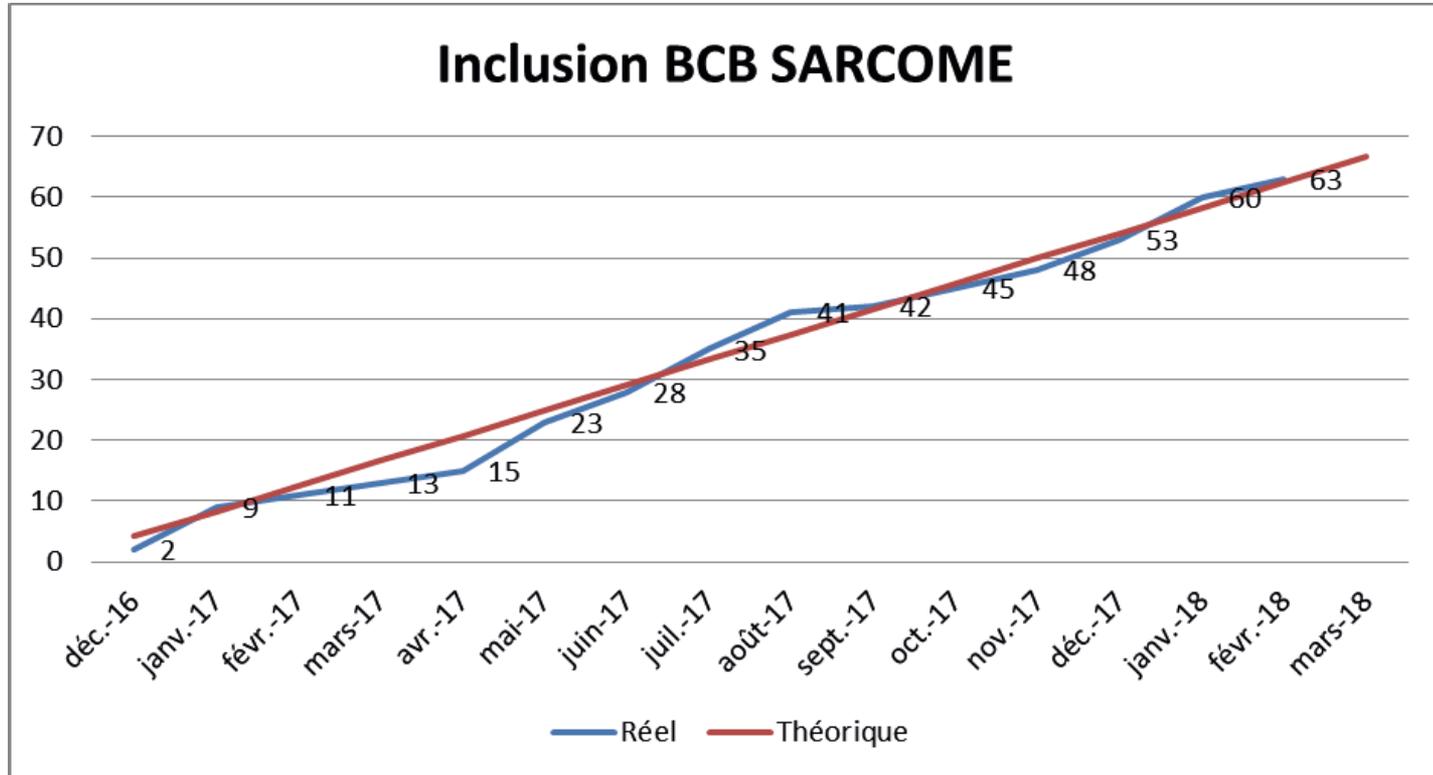
↓
Modèles
PDX

↓
Échantillons
congelés
(proteines,
ARN...)

↓
Plasma et
serum

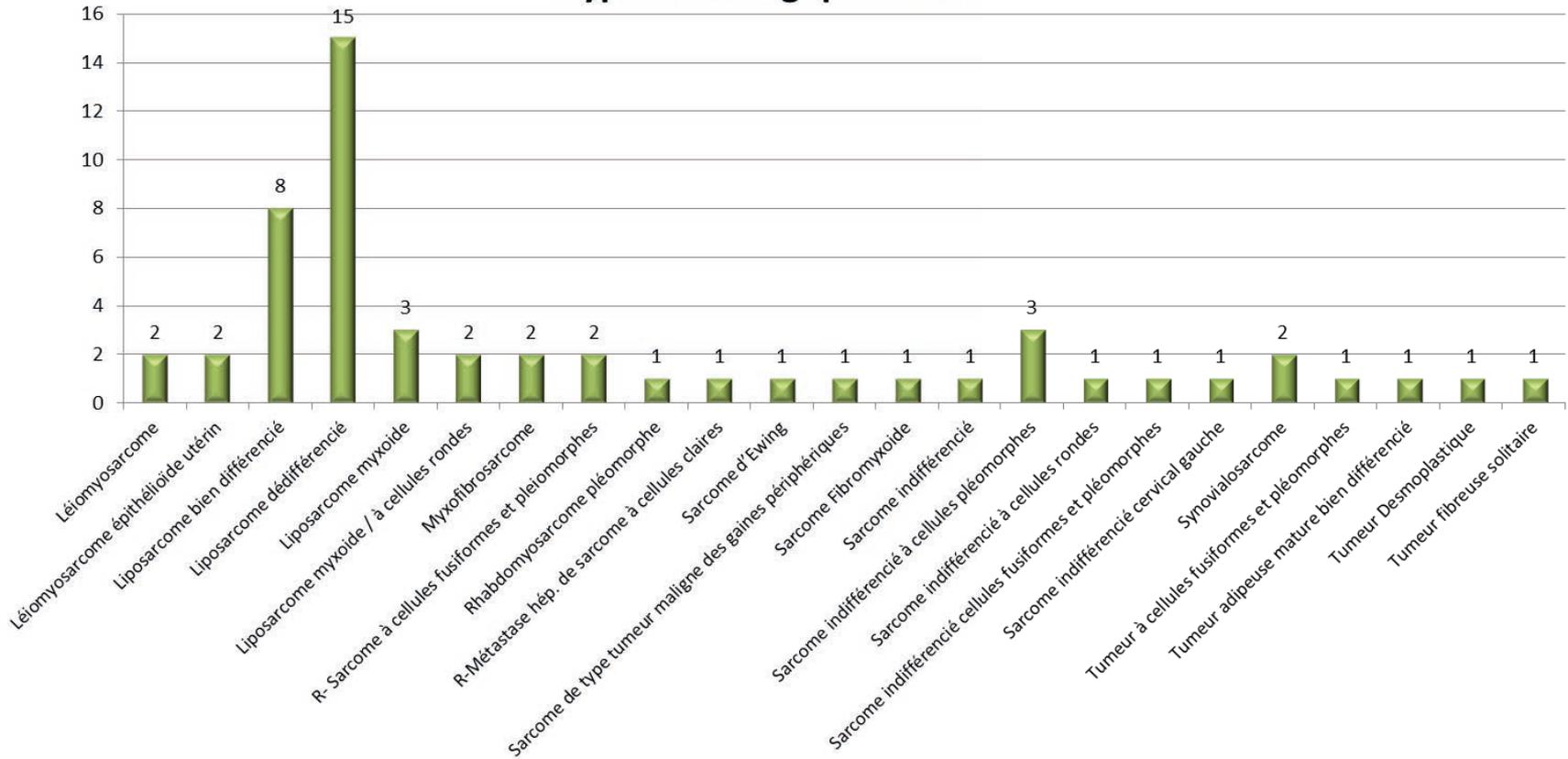
BCB Sarcomes

ETAT D'AVANCEMENT DU PROJET AU 15/0310/2018



BCB Sarcomas

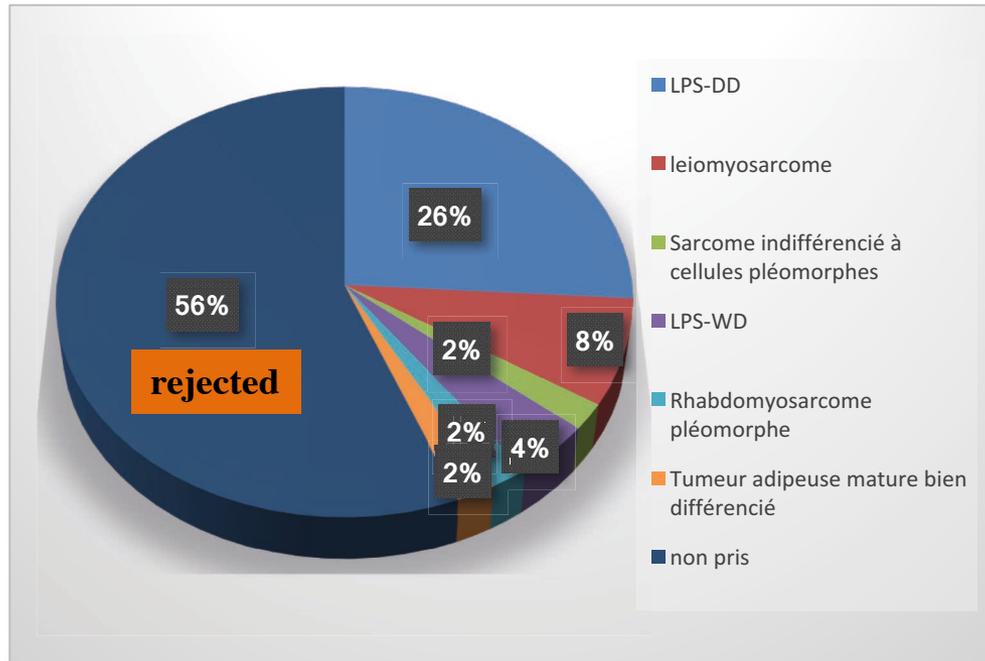
Types Histologiques de Sarcomes



Sarcoma PDXs

January 2018

Number of tumors engraft : 59 tumors



Duration of establishment

average	min-max
around 12 month	(6-23 month)

+ 10 models ongoing

21 established models

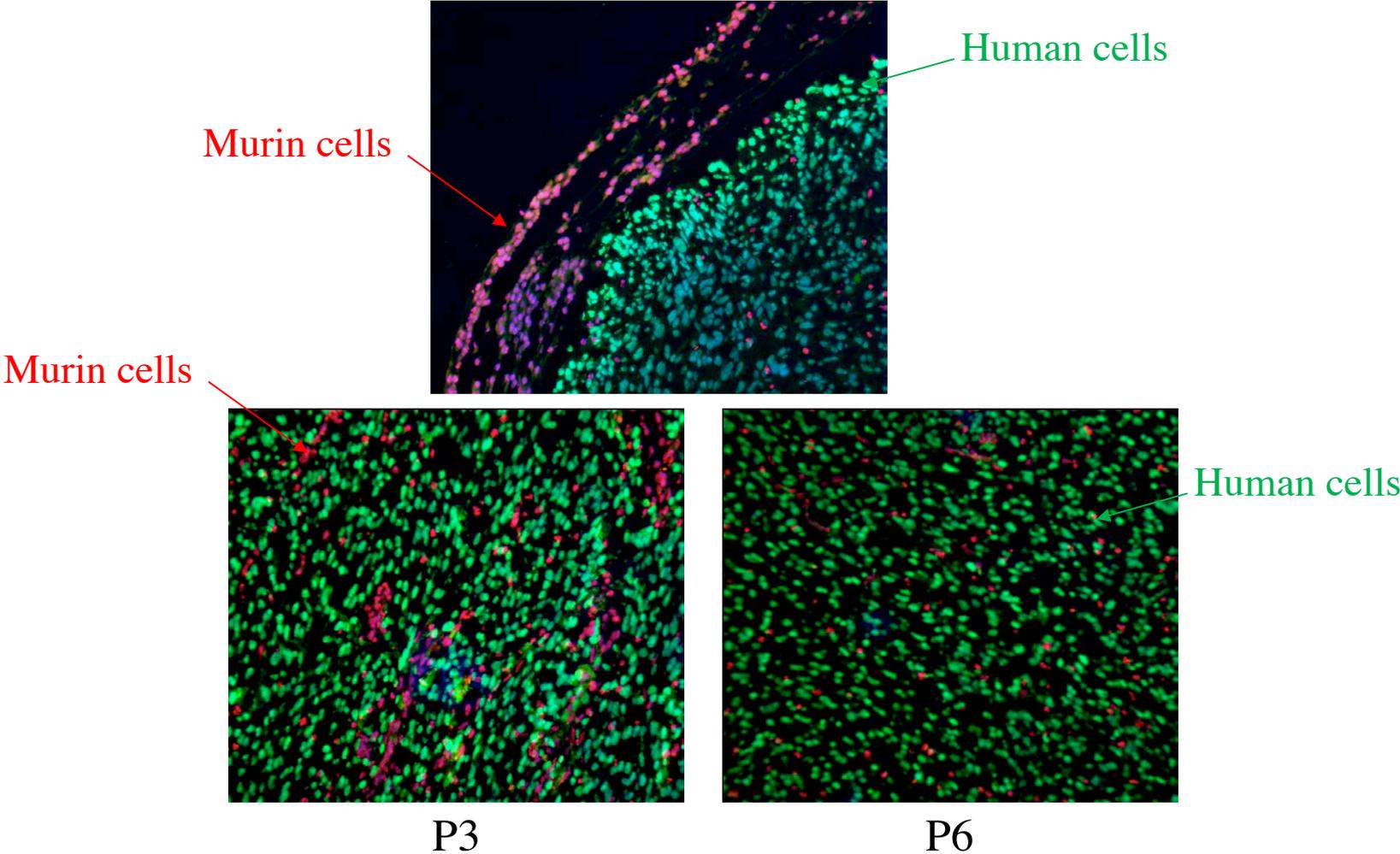
Characterization : Histology - genes Expression - Mutations

Objectives : development of PDXs corresponding to the different classes of sarcoma

PDXs : characterization

COT-FISH:

Comparison between human tumor and murine stroma



PDXs : characterization

Histological characterization :

Comparison between human sample and PDX samples at P3 and more

	DD-LPS	WD-LPS	Leiomyosarcoma
Différentiation	Stable	More dedifferentiated from 1 to 2	Stable
Nécrosis	Stable	Stable	Stable
Number of cells per mm³	Increased by 20%	Increased by 30%	Stable
Number of mitosis per mm³	Increased by 30%	Stable	Increased by 30%
Tumoral stage	grade 2 to 3 or stables	stable	Stable
Ki67	Increased by 7,5%	Stable	Increased by 17,5%

PDXs : characterization

Genomic characterization by CGH : STABLE

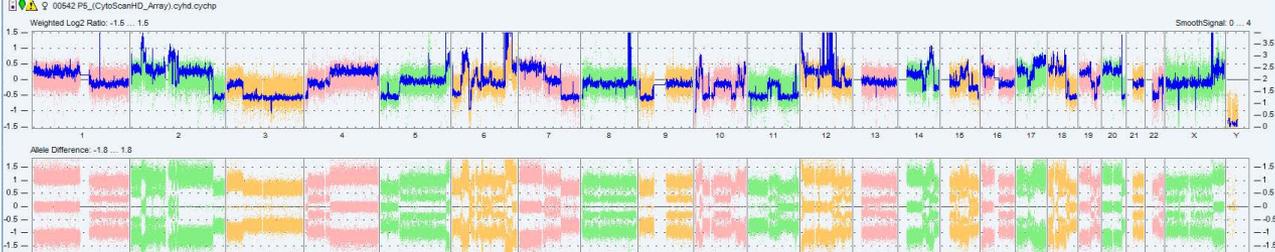
(Human)



(P1)

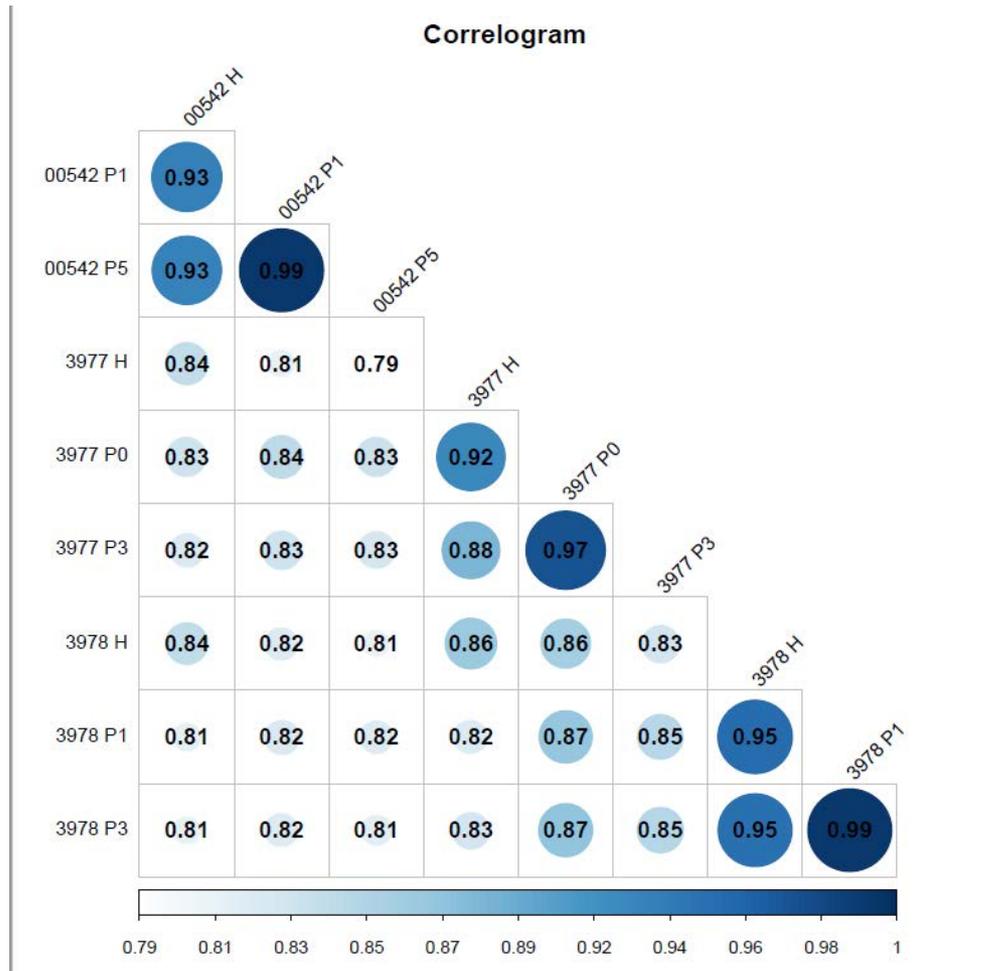


(P5)



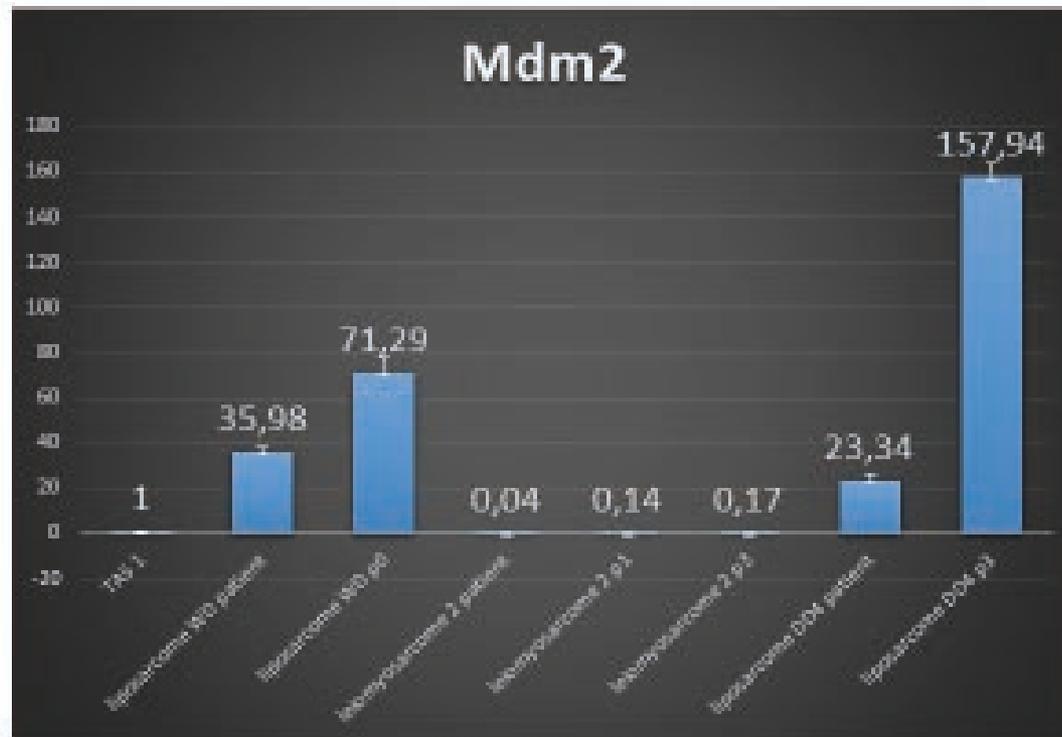
PDXs : characterization

Genomic characterization by RNA seq : STABLE



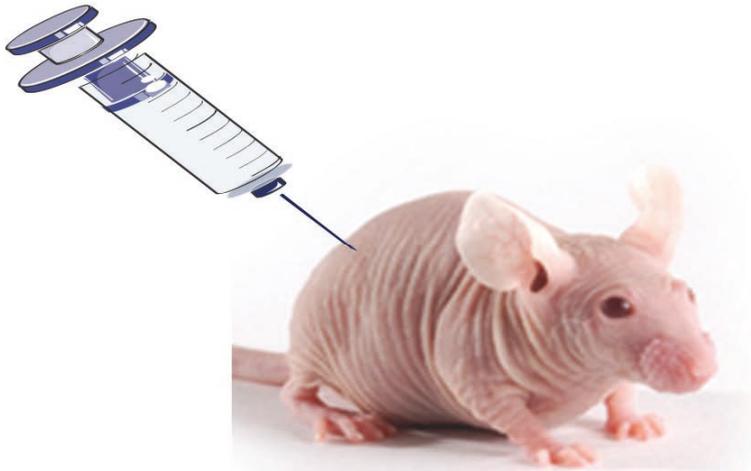
PDXs : characterization

Genomic characterization by Mdm2 amplification for liposarcoma



Projects...

New therapeutic strategies



Sarcoma PDX mice



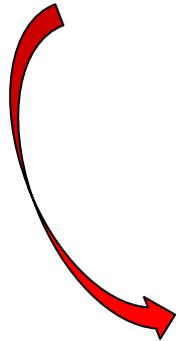
Treatment

The future of sarcomas PDX models

PDX models available for the French community of sarcomas

➡ Creation of an experimental PDX platform

➡ PDX database : PDX available and characterization



opening for September 2018

PDX experimental platform



Patient tumor fragment



Tumor growth



Tumor amplification



Passage on X mice

10 mice per group

control

Treatment 1

Treatment 2

....



PDX experimental platform



control

Treatment 1

Treatment 2



Dissection : tumor and other organs if needed

Tarification: about 3500 euros per groups of 10 mice for academic partner
(including mice and accommodation, staff and experimentation)

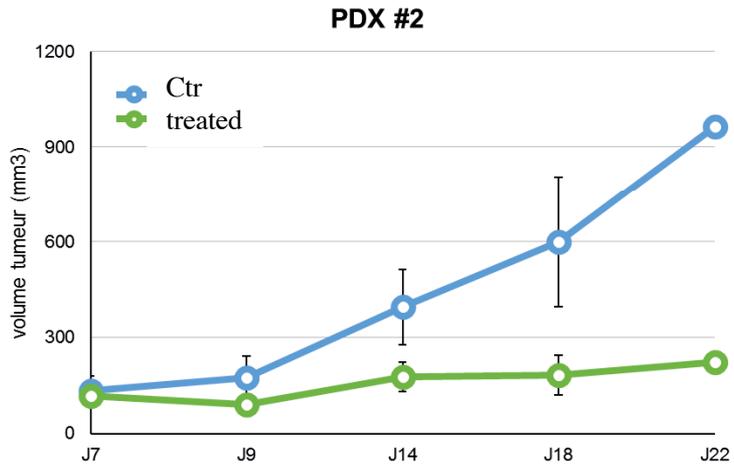
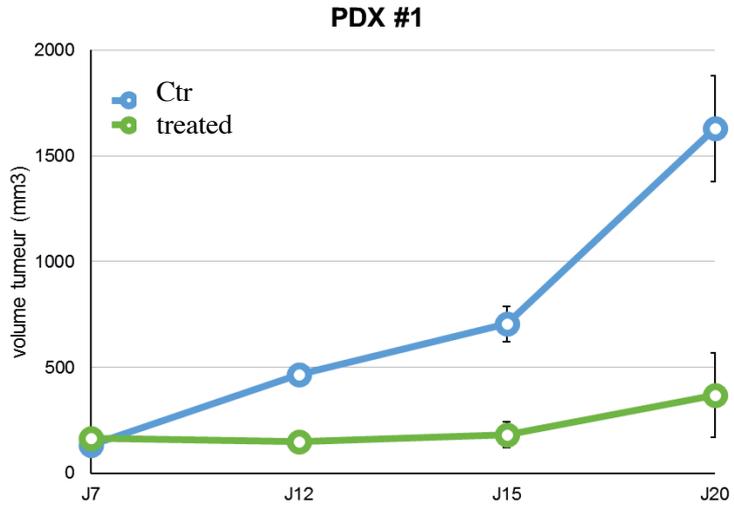
PDX experimental platform

Additional services in association with other platform

RHEM : Histology : blocs – IHC

IPAM : Life imaging : Bioluminescence, spect-CT

Example: New target for therapy in liposarcomas



CTR
treated

Acknowledgements

ICM

anapath facility

Aurélie Maran-Gonzales
Marie-Christine Château

Oncology

Nelly Firmin

Surgery

Sebastien Carrere

Radiotherapy

Carmen Llacer

Institut Bergonié, Bordeaux

Frédéric Chibon
Pauline Lagarde

Charles Theillet's Team

Helene Delpech
Stanislas Dumanoir

Histologie facility, RHEM

Nelly Pirot
Florence Bernex
And Co

Animals facility

Charles Vincent
And Co

PDX experimental platform

Amplification : 12 weeks / 10 mice – 20 hours work

experimentation : 15 weeks / 10 mice per group / 80 hours work